

General safety warnings

for corded and cordless power tools





General Power Tool Safety Warnings

Original instructions.



WARNING Read all safety warnings and all instructions. Failure to follow the warnings and instructions may result in electric shock, fire and/or serious injury.

Save all warnings and instructions for future reference. The term "power tool" in the warnings refers to your mains-operated (corded) power tool or battery-operated (cordless) power tool.

1. Work area safety

- a) Keep work area clean and well lit. Cluttered or dark areas invite accidents.
- b) Do not operate power tools in explosive atmospheres, such as in the presence of flammable liquids, gases or dust. Power tools create sparks which may ignite the dust or fumes.
- c) Keep children and bystanders away while operating a power tool. Distractions can cause you to lose control.

2. Electrical safety

- a) Power tool plugs must match the outlet. Never modify the plug in any way. Do not use any adapter plugs with earthed (grounded) power tools. Unmodified plugs and matching outlets will reduce risk of electric shock.
- b) Avoid body contact with earthed or grounded surfaces, such as pipes, radiators, ranges and refrigerators. There is an increased risk of electric shock if your body is earthed or grounded.
- c) **Do not expose power tools to rain or wet conditions.** Water entering a power tool will increase the risk of electric
- d) Do not abuse the cord. Never use the cord for carrying, pulling or unplugging the power tool. Keep cord away from heat, oil, sharp edges and moving parts. Damaged or entangled cords increase the risk of electric
- e) When operating a power tool outdoors, use an extension cord suitable for outdoor use. Use of a cord suitable for outdoor use reduces the risk of electric shock.
- f) If operating a power tool in a damp location is unavoidable, use a residual current device (RCD) protected supply. Use of an RCD reduces the risk of electric shock.

3. Personal safety

- a) Stay alert, watch what you are doing and use common sense when operating a power tool. Do not use a power tool while you are tired or under the influence of drugs, alcohol or medication. A moment of inattention while operating power tools may result in serious personal injury.
- b) Use personal protective equipment. Always wear eye protection. Protective equipment such as a dust mask, non-skid safety shoes, hard hat, or hearing protection used for appropriate conditions will reduce personal injuries.
- c) Prevent unintentional starting. Ensure the switch is in the off-position before connecting to power source and/or battery pack, picking up or carrying the tool. Carrying power tools with your finger on the switch or plugging in tools when the switch is in the on-position invites accidents.
- d) Remove any adjusting key or wrench before turning the power tool on. A wrench or a key left attached to a rotating part of the power tool may result in personal injury.
- e) Do not overreach. Keep proper footing and balance at all times. This enables better control of the power tool in unexpected situations.
- f) Dress properly. Do not wear loose clothing or jewellery. Keep your hair, clothing and gloves away from moving parts. Loose clothes, jewellery or long hair can be caught in moving parts.
- q) If devices are provided for the connection of dust extraction and collection facilities, ensure these are connected and properly used. Use of dust collection can reduce dust-related hazards.
- h) Do not let familiarity gained from frequent use of tools allow you to become complacent and ignore tool safety principles. A careless action can cause severe injury within a fraction of a second.

4. Power tool use and care

- a) Do not force the power tool. Use the correct power tool for your application. The correct power tool will do the job better and safer at the rate for which it was designed.
- b) Do not use the power tool if the switch does not turn it on and off. Any power tool that cannot be controlled with the switch is dangerous and must be repaired.

- c) Disconnect the plug from the power source and/or the battery pack from the power tool before making any adjustments, changing accessories, or storing power tools. Such preventive safety measures reduce the risk of starting the power tool accidentally.
- d) Store idle power tools out of the reach of children and do not allow persons unfamiliar with the power tool or these instructions to operate the power tool. Power tools are dangerous in the hands of untrained users.
- e) Maintain power tools and accessories. Check for misalignment or binding of moving parts, breakage of parts and any other condition that may affect the power tool's operation. If damaged, have the power tool repaired before use. Many accidents are caused by poorly maintained power tools.
- f) Keep cutting tools sharp and clean. Properly maintained cutting tools with sharp cutting edges are less likely to bind and are easier to control.
- g) Use the power tool, accessories and tool bits etc. in accordance with these instructions, taking into account the working conditions and the work to be performed. Use of the power tool for operations different from those intended could result in a hazardous situation.
- h) Keep handles and grasping surfaces dry, clean and free from oil and grease. Slippery handles and grasping surfaces do not allow for safe handling and control of the tool in unexpected situations.

5. Battery tool use and care

- a) Recharge only with the charger specified by the manufacturer. A charger that is suitable for one type of battery pack may create a risk of fire when used with another battery pack.
- b) Use power tools only with specifically designated battery packs. Use of any other battery packs may create a risk of injury and fire.
- c) When battery pack is not in use, keep it away from other metal objects, like paper clips, coins, keys, nails, screws or other small metal objects, that can make a connection from one terminal to another. Shorting the battery terminals together may cause burns or a fire.
- d) Under abusive conditions, liquid may be ejected from the battery; avoid contact. If contact accidentally occurs, flush with water. If liquid contacts eyes, additionally seek medical help. Liquid ejected from the battery may cause irritation or burns.
- e) Do not use a battery pack or tool that is damaged or modified. Damaged or modified batteries may exhibit unpredictable behaviour resulting in fire, explosion or risk of injury.
- f) Do not expose a battery pack or tool to fire or excessive temperature. Exposure to fire or temperature above 130°C may cause explosion.
- g) Follow all charging instructions and do not charge the battery pack or tool outside the temperature range specified in the instructions. Charging improperly or at temperatures outside the specified range may damage the battery and increase the risk of fire.

6. Service

- a) Have your power tool serviced by a qualified repair person using only identical replacement parts. This will ensure that the safety of the power tool is maintained.
- b) Never service damaged battery packs. Service of battery packs should only be performed by the manufacturer or authorized service providers.

电动工具通用安全警告

原始说明



警告 阅读所有警告和所有说明! 不遵照以下警告和说明会导致电击、着火和/或严重伤害。

保存所有警告和说明书以备查阅。在所有下列的警告中术语"电动工具"指电驱动(有线)电动工具或电池驱动 (无线) 电动工具。

1. 工作场地的安全

- a) 保持工作场地清洁和明亮。混乱和黑暗的场地会引发事故。
- b) 不要在易爆环境,如有易燃液体、气体或粉尘的环境下操作电动工具。电动工具产生的火花会点燃粉尘或气体。
- c) 让儿童和旁观者离开后操作电动工具。注意力不集中会使操作者失去对工具的控制。

2. 由气安全

- a) 电动工具插头必须与插座相配。绝不能以任何方式改装插头。需接地的电动工具不能使用任何转换插头。未经改 装的插头和相配的插座将减少电击危险。
- b) 避免人体接触接地表面,如管道、散热片和冰箱。如果你身体接地会增加电击危险。
- c) 不得将电动工具暴露在雨中或潮湿环境中。水进入电动工具将增加电击危险。
- d) 不得滥用电线。绝不能用电线搬运、拉动电动工具或拔出其插头。使电线远离热源、油、锐边或运动部件。 受损或缠绕的软线会增加电击危险。
- e) 当在户外使用电动工具时,使用适合户外使用的外接软线。适合户外使用的软线将减少电击危险。
- f) 如果在潮湿环境下操作电动工具是不可避免的, 应使用剩余电流动作保护器(RCD)。使用 RCD 可减小电击 危险。

3. 人身安全

- a) 保持警觉, 当操作电动工具时关注所从事的操作并保持清醒。当你感到疲倦, 或在有药物、酒精或治疗反应时, 不要操作电动工具。在操作电动工具时瞬间的疏忽会导致严重人身伤害。
- b) 使用个人防护装置。始终佩戴护目镜。安全装置,诸如适当条件下使用防尘面具、防滑安全鞋、安全帽、听力防 护等装置能减少人身伤害。
- c) 防止意外起动。确保开关在连接电源和/或电池盒、拿起或搬运工具时处于关断位置。手指放在已接通电源的开 关上或开关处于接通时插入插头可能会导致危险。
- d) 在电动工具接通之前,拿掉所有调节钥匙或扳手。遗留在电动工具旋转零件上的扳手或钥匙会导致人身伤害。
- e) 手不要伸展得太长。时刻注意立足点和身体平衡。这样在意外情况下能很好地控制电动工具。
- f) 着装适当。不要穿宽松衣服或佩戴饰品。让衣服、手套和头发远离运动部件。宽松衣服、佩饰或长发可能会卷入 运动部件中。
- q) 如果提供了与排屑、集尘设备连接用的装置,要确保他们连接完好且使用得当。使用这些装置可减少尘屑引起的 危险。

4. 电动工具使用和注意事项

- a) 不要滥用电动工具, 根据用途使用适当的电动工具。选用适当设计的电动工具会使你工作更有效、更安全。
- b) 如果开关不能接通或关断工具电源,则不能使用该电动工具。不能用开关来控制的电动工具是危险的且必须 进行修理。
- c) 在进行任何调节、更换附件或贮存电动工具之前,必须从电源上拔掉插头和/或使电池盒与工具脱开。这种防护 性措施将减少工具意外起动的危险。
- d) 将闲置不用的电动工具贮存在儿童所及范围之外,并且不要允许不熟悉电动工具或对这些说明不了解的人操作电 动工具。电动工具在未经培训的用户手中是危险的。
- e) 保养电动工具。检查运动件是否调整到位或卡住, 检查零件破损情况和影响电动工具运行的其他状况。如有 损坏,电动工具应在使用前修理好。许多事故由维护不良的电动工具引发。
- f) 保持切削刀具锋利和清洁。保养良好的有锋利切削刃的刀具不易卡住而且容易控制。
- g) 按照使用说明书,考虑作业条件和进行的作业来使用电动工具、附件和工具的刀头等。将电动工具用于那些与其 用途不符的操作可能会导致危险。

5. 电池式工具使用和注意事项

- a) 只用制造商规定的充电器充电。将适用于某种电池盒的充电器用到其他电池盒时会发生着火危险。
- b) 只有在配有专用电池盒的情况下才使用电动工具。使用其他电池盒会发生损坏和着火危险。
- c) 当电池盒不用时,将它远离其他金属物体,例如回形针、硬币、钥匙、钉子、螺钉或其他小金属物体,以防一端与另一端连接。电池端部短路会引起燃烧或火灾。
- d) 在滥用条件下,液体会从电池中溅出;避免接触。如果意外碰到了,用水冲洗。如果液体碰到了眼睛,还要寻求医疗帮助。从电池中溅出的液体会发生腐蚀或燃烧。

6.维修

a) 将你的电动工具送交专业维修人员,使用同样的备件进行修理。这样将确保所维修的电动工具的安全性。





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